

IN THE CLAIMS:

The text of all pending claims, (including withdrawn claims) is set forth below. Cancelled and not entered claims are indicated with claim number and status only. The claims as listed below show added text with underlining and deleted text with ~~striketrough~~. The status of each claim is indicated with one of (ORIGINAL), (CURRENTLY AMENDED), (CANCELLED), (WITHDRAWN), (NEW), (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED), or (NOT ENTERED).

Please CANCEL claims 15 and 16 without prejudice or disclaimer, and AMEND claims 1, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 19, 23, 24, and 25 in accordance with the following:

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A motion estimation apparatus, comprising:
 - a line-wise motion estimation unit for calculating motion vectors indicating the extent of motions in a horizontal direction for individual lines of a predetermined search area with reference to a current field/frame and a reference field/frame;
 - a motion vector buffer for storing motion vectors for the individual lines;
 - a scroll detection unit for determining whether scroll motions exist in the current field/frame based on the motion vectors for the individual lines which are stored in the motion vector buffer; and
 - a scroll line detection unit for determining whether the scroll motions exist in the individual lines of the search area, based on a result of the determination of the scroll detection ~~unit.~~ unit; and
 - a demultiplexer to store corresponding motion vectors at positions allocated in the motion vector buffer to respective lines based on inputted line number information.

2. (ORIGINAL) The motion estimation apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the line-wise motion estimation unit includes:
 - a pixel buffer for sequentially storing pixel data constructing lines to calculate the motion vectors in the reference field/frame;
 - a FIFO buffer for sequentially storing pixel data constructing lines to calculate the motion vectors in the current field/frame;
 - an SAD buffer for calculating and storing summed absolute difference (SAD) values based on estimations of the extent of motions, using the pixel data respectively stored in the pixel buffer and the FIFO buffer; and
 - a motion vector estimator for calculating the motion vectors based on the SAD values stored in the SAD buffer.

3. (ORIGINAL) The motion estimation apparatus as claimed in claim 2, wherein the

motion vector estimator calculates the motion vectors in correspondence to a motion estimation position having the minimum value of the SAD values stored in the SAD buffer.

4. (ORIGINAL) The motion estimation apparatus as claimed in claim 2, further comprising:

a motion detector for determining the validity of the motion vectors calculated by the motion vector estimator; and

an output selector for selectively outputting only selected motion vectors based on a result of the validity decision of the motion detector.

5. (ORIGINAL) The motion estimation apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein the motion estimator determines that the motion vectors are valid if a difference between the maximum value and the minimum value of the SAD values stored in the SAD buffer is larger than a predetermined threshold value.

6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) ~~The~~ A motion estimation apparatus, ~~as claimed in claim 1,~~ comprising:

a line-wise motion estimation unit for calculating motion vectors indicating the extent of motions in a horizontal direction for individual lines of a predetermined search area with reference to a current field/frame and a reference field/frame;

a motion vector buffer for storing motion vectors for the individual lines;

a scroll detection unit for determining whether scroll motions exist in the current field/frame based on the motion vectors for the individual lines which are stored in the motion vector buffer; and

a scroll line detection unit for determining whether the scroll motions exist in the individual lines of the search area, based on a result of the determination of the scroll detection unit,

wherein the scroll detection unit calculates ~~the~~ a number of occurrences ~~by~~ of a plurality of magnitudes of the motion vectors stored in the motion vector buffer, and determines that the scroll motions exist when motion vectors of certain magnitudes are determined to be more than ~~the~~ a predetermined number of occurrences.

7. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The motion estimation apparatus as claimed in claim 6, wherein the scroll line detection unit determines that the scroll motions exist in corresponding lines when motion vectors, calculated line by line, correspond to the magnitudes of motion vectors ~~are~~ determined to be more than the predetermined number of occurrences.

8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A motion estimation method, comprising:

- (a) calculating motion vectors indicating the extent of motions in a horizontal direction for individual lines of a predetermined search area with reference to a current field/frame and a reference field/frame;
- (b) storing motion vectors for the individual lines;
- (c) determining whether scroll motions exist in the current field/frame based on the stored motion vectors for the individual lines; and
- (d) determining whether the scroll motions exist in the individual lines of the search area, based on a result of the determination of operation ~~(e)~~ (c); and
- (e) storing corresponding motion vectors at positions allocated to respective lines based on inputted line number information.

9. (ORIGINAL) The motion estimation method as claimed in claim 8, wherein operation (a) further comprises:

- (a1) sequentially storing pixel data constructing lines to calculate the motion vectors in the reference field/frame;
- (a2) sequentially storing pixel data to calculate the motion vectors in the current field/frame;
- (a3) calculating and storing summed absolute difference(SAD) values based on estimations of the extent of motions, using the pixel data respectively stored in the operations (a1) and (a2); and
- (a4) calculating the motion vectors based on the stored SAD values.

10. (ORIGINAL) The motion estimation method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the operation (a4) calculates the motion vectors in correspondence to a motion estimation position having the minimum value of the stored SAD values.

11. (ORIGINAL) The motion estimation method as claimed in claim 9, further comprising:

- determining the validity of the motion vectors calculated in the operation (a4); and
- selectively outputting only valid motion vectors based on a result of the validity determination.

12. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The motion estimation method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the determining the validity determines the motion vectors as valid if a difference

between the maximum value and the minimum value of the SAD values stored in the a SAD buffer is larger than a predetermined threshold value.

13. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) ~~The~~ A motion estimation method, ~~as claimed in claim 8,~~ comprising:

(a) calculating motion vectors indicating the extent of motions in a horizontal direction for individual lines of a predetermined search area with reference to a current field/frame and a reference field/frame;

(b) storing motion vectors for the individual lines;

(c) determining whether scroll motions exist in the current field/frame based on the stored motion vectors for the individual lines; and

(d) determining whether the scroll motions exist in the individual lines of the search area, based on a result of the determination of operation (c),

wherein operation (c) calculates the number of occurrences ~~by~~ of a plurality of magnitudes of the stored motion vectors, and determines that the scroll motions exist when motion vectors of certain magnitudes are determined to be more than ~~the a~~ predetermined number of occurrences.

14. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The motion estimation method as claimed in claim 13, wherein operation (d) determines that the scroll motions exist in corresponding lines when motion vectors, calculated line by line, ~~corresponds~~ correspond to the magnitudes of motion vectors ~~are determined to be more than the predetermined number of occurrences.~~

15. (CANCELLED)

16. (CANCELLED)

17. (ORIGINAL) The motion estimation apparatus of claim 4, wherein, if the motion detector determines that a motion vector is invalid, the output selector outputs a constant to indicate invalidity.

18. (ORIGINAL) The motion estimation method of claim 11, further comprising:
if a motion vector is invalid, outputting a constant to indicate invalidity.

19. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A machine-readable medium that provides

instructions, which, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to perform motion estimation operations comprising:

- (a) calculating motion vectors indicating the extent of motions in a horizontal direction for individual lines of a predetermined search area with reference to a current field/frame and a reference field/frame;
- (b) storing motion vectors for the individual lines;
- (c) determining whether scroll motions exist in the current field/frame based on the stored motion vectors for the individual lines; and
- (d) determining whether the scroll motions exist in the individual lines of the search area, based on a result of the determination of operation ~~(e)~~ (c); and
storing corresponding motion vectors at positions allocated to respective lines based on inputted line number information.

20. (ORIGINAL) The machine-readable medium of claim 19, wherein the instructions cause the machine to perform motion estimation operations further comprising:

- (a1) sequentially storing pixel data constructing lines to calculate the motion vectors in the reference field/frame;
- (a2) sequentially storing pixel data to calculate the motion vectors in the current field/frame;
- (a3) calculating and storing summed absolute difference(SAD) values based on estimations of the extent of motions, using the pixel data respectively stored in operations (a1) and (a2); and
- (a4) calculating the motion vectors based on the stored SAD values.

21. (ORIGINAL) The machine-readable medium of claim 20, wherein operation (a4) calculates the motion vectors in correspondence to a motion estimation position having the minimum value of the stored SAD values.

22. (ORIGINAL) The machine-readable medium of claim 20, wherein the instructions cause the machine to perform motion estimation operations further comprising:

- determining the validity of the motion vectors calculated in operation (a4); and
- selectively outputting only valid motion vectors based on a result of the validity determination.

23. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The machine-readable medium of claim 22, wherein the determining the validity determines the motion vectors as valid if a difference between the

maximum value and the minimum value of the SAD values stored in ~~the~~ a SAD buffer is larger than a predetermined threshold value.

24. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) ~~The~~ A machine-readable medium, ~~of claim 19, that~~ provides instructions, which, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to perform motion estimation operations comprising:

(a) calculating motion vectors indicating the extent of motions in a horizontal direction for individual lines of a predetermined search area with reference to a current field/frame and a reference field/frame;

(b) storing motion vectors for the individual lines;

(c) determining whether scroll motions exist in the current field/frame based on the stored motion vectors for the individual lines; and

(d) determining whether the scroll motions exist in the individual lines of the search area, based on a result of the determination of operation (c).

wherein operation (c) calculates ~~the~~ a number of occurrences ~~by~~ of a plurality of magnitudes of the stored motion vectors, and determines that the scroll motions exist when motion vectors of certain magnitudes are determined to be more than ~~the~~ a predetermined number of occurrences.

25. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The machine-readable medium of claim 24, wherein operation (d) determines that the scroll motions exist in corresponding lines when motion vectors calculated line by line corresponds to the magnitudes of motion vectors are determined to be more than ~~the~~ a predetermined number of occurrences.